Timeline for Prospective Graduate Students Applying to the Integrative Biology Department, University of Colorado Denver

Are you interested in applying to the University of Colorado Denver's Integrative Biology graduate program? If so, this document was created by CU Denver Biology Graduate Students to welcome you and to give you advice about joining our graduate program and starting your journey to conducting your original research! Below is a timeline that we made to provide you with guidance on what you need to complete and when so that you can:

- Assess whether our program is a good fit for you.
- Have your materials ready.
- Feel prepared to apply and join us in the CU Denver Integrative Biology Department.

We hope that this document illuminates some of the less obvious culture and expectations in academia and helps make biology graduate research more accessible and obtainable for amazing researchers like you.



Timeline for Prospective Integrative Biology Graduate Students						
Timeline	Action Items	Important Links		Tips, hints, and tricks		
Prep aring to Appl ying	Step 1: Read the overview of the Department of Integrative Biology Graduate Program	Graduate School Requirements		• It is important to know that we use "direct to lab admittance", which means you get accepted to work with a particular advisor or principal investigator (PI). This is different from "rotation programs" that have students rotate among advisors for a while. To be accepted into our program, you need to identify and communicate with a research advisor(s) before you apply, who will guide your training and support your application.		
	Step 2: Read about research faculty and their areas of expertise.	Graduate Program Faculty Adjoint Faculty Associate Teaching Faculty		 Our program is unique in that we have research faculty who are at Denver Botanic Gardens and Denver Museum of Nature and Science in addition to faculty from Departments of Biology, Chemistry, and Psychology at CU Denver. This means our graduate students can pursue their Masters or Doctoral degree with a variety of researchers from different backgrounds. You can find out more about prospective advisors' research via their personal website which usually includes their publications and more details on their research. You might find that you are interested in more than one faculty member's research; this is okay! We recommend that you contact the faculty member for each lab you are interested in. Our faculty collaborate with one another often. Most students are advised by one researcher, but some are co-advised by two researchers with overlapping interests, so that is something to consider and talk with your potential advisor about. 		
	Step 3: Build your CV and obtain your unofficial transcripts	<u>CV</u> <u>Resources</u>		 For your application, you will want to put together a CV which is far more detailed than a resume. We want to know about: Degrees or credentials you earned at your previous academic institutions. Any research experience you have. Any presentations (posters or talks) you have given at conferences. Any awards you have received or want to apply for Teaching or outreach experiences. 		

			 Professional work experience (doesn't have to be academic, could also be volunteering) Don't be afraid to apply if you don't have all of these experiences. Our goal at CU Denver is to help you gain skills. We are looking to help you build your CV, and are not simply looking for students who have already had a lot of opportunities.
	Step 4: Reach out to relevant research faculty in the program via email	Guidance on Initial #1: So you want to email a PI Lunatic Laboratories Guidance on Initial Contact Blog #2: Applying to Graduate School	 We've included two articles on contacting a potential advisor. Look at their recommendations for drafting an email. If you have it ready, send your CV in the email to the potential advisor. You might also want to include your unofficial transcripts to give the potential advisor a better picture of your academic background. When reaching out to your potential advisor, ask if they are accepting students, and if so let them know you would like to set up a Zoom meeting or an in-person meeting if you are local. If you don't hear back after two weeks, don't be afraid to email one more time. Faculty advisors get busy, they might be out of town, doing lab or fieldwork, and no one minds being contacted again.
Rea chin g out to Pros pect ive Advisors	Step 5: Meet with potential advisors. Before your meeting, provide your CV and unofficial transcript to the potential advisor. If you have contact information for references or letters of reference, you can include those too.	Pre-Application Meeting Questions	 Suggested conversation points to talk about with your potential advisor: What are some scientific topics that are of interest to you? Differences between an MS and PhD program? Your career interests. What do you hope to get out of graduate school? Your past experiences in science. Anticipated semester for starting graduate program. What are potential projects in the lab? Potential sources of funding for tuition and healthcare. What will the workload/ laboratory expectations be? Your interest in a Graduate Teaching Assistant position. Ask for a list of other lab members and students who migh be involved with the lab so you can contact them

	Step 6: Reach out to graduate students in the department	Current PhD Students Current MS Students Part B: After Meeting with a Potential PhD Advisor- Guide on meeting with potential Advisor	more about the you can make • We recomprospe	Graduate school is a big commitment and it's important to find out more about the research labs you are interested in joining so that you can make sure the lab will be a good fit for you. • We recommend contacting other members of the prospective lab and within the CU Denver Department. • See link resource for some suggested questions to ask them. Starting questions • What is your PI's communication/mentoring style? • Is the PI approachable? • Do you have regular meetings with your PI? • How does your PI provide feedback?	
Timeline	Action Items	Important Link	S	Tips, hints, and tricks	
Com pletin g the Appli catio n	Step 1: Read over the application requirements Step 2: Reach out to your 3-5 academic/profess ional references (to see if they'll consider writing letters of recommendation)	Asking for a letter of recomme Denver Health Professionals have resource that applies to anyon	ndation: <u>CU</u> as a great	 When you apply, you will have to create a login with CU Denver. Pay close attention to minimum and preferred requirements. Send your potential references an email asking them if they will write you the letter. Once they say yes, go into the CU Denver application and put their information into the system. Whoever writes your letters of recommendation will receive a link from the University to submit the letter of recommendation. Hint: Most recommendation writers will require that you waive your right to read their letter We suggest you ask 3-5 individuals so that you have a backup in case one of your references cannot write a letter for you. Faculty who agree to host you in their lab must 	
	Step 3: Confirm with your prospective faculty advisor(s)			 Faculty who agree to host you in their lab must write a letter confirming their support. They will know what this is and how to submit it. 	

for a Letter of Support			
Step 4: Request official transcripts from previous higher educational schools		 Higher education AP scores Dual/concurrent enrollment Community College 	AssociatesUndergraduateMasters
Step 5: Look for funding sources that can help with the cost of attendance	 Check for WRGP eligibility if you're an out-of-state student Western Regional Graduate Program Complete the FAFSA if you are interested in Federal Aid. 	 Graduate school is a big commitment both time-wise and financially. You'll want to look for additional funding sources and understand the cost of attendance at CU Denver. 	

January 1

Application submission deadline